# Summary data: Idaho Adults 18 years and older with doctor-diagnosed arthritis, BRFSS 2005

## **Doctor-diagnosed arthritis (arthritis) (Standard Table 1)**

- 256,000 adults have doctor diagnosed arthritis; 25.5% of all adults have arthritis.
- 109,000 men have arthritis (21.7%).
- 148,000 women have arthritis (29.3%).
- 52,000 adults 18-44 have arthritis (10%).
- 118,000 adults 45-64 have arthritis (36.7%).
- 86,000 adults 65 and older have arthritis (53.9%).
- 234,000 non-Hispanic white adults have arthritis (27%).
- \_\_\_\* \_\_ non-Hispanic black adults have arthritis (\_\_\_%) \*Not calculated because fewer than 50 unweighted respondents.
- 7,000 Hispanic adults have arthritis (8.5%).
- 24,000 adults with less than a high school education have arthritis (25.2%).
- 87,000 adults with a high school education have arthritis (27.5%).
- 145,000 adults with more than a high school education have arthritis (24.5%).
- 86,000 obese adults have arthritis (37.6%).
- 34,000 adults who are physically inactive have Arthritis.
- 33.1% of adults who are physically inactive have Arthritis.

### Activity limitation due to arthritis or joint symptoms (Standard Table 2)

- 105,000 adults have activity limitation due to arthritis or joint symptoms
- (10.3%) of the adult population has activity limitation due to arthritis or joint symptoms.
- (41.5%) of adults with arthritis have activity limitation due to arthritis or joint symptoms.
- 45,000 (8.8%) men have activity limitation; (41.5% of men with arthritis have activity limitation.)
- 61,000 (11.8%) of women have activity limitation; (41.6% of women with arthritis have activity limit).

### Physical activity, body weight, and health status among adults with arthritis (Std Table 3)

- Of adults with arthritis (14%) report they are inactive and another (38.1%) are insufficiently active.
- Of adults with arthritis (34.6%) are obese and another (36.6%) are overweight.
- Of adults with arthritis (28.3%) report fair or poor health status.

#### Arthritis among adults with diabetes, heart disease, and their risk factors (Std Table 4)

- Of adults with diabetes 37,000 (53.5%) also have arthritis.
- Of adults with heart disease 38,000 (53.3%) also have arthritis.
- Of adults with high blood pressure 112,000 (47.2%) also have arthritis.
- Of adults with high cholesterol \_\_\_104,000 (41.1%) also have arthritis.
- Of adults who are overweight \_\_\_91,000 (25.7%) also have arthritis.
- Of adults who are obese 86,000 (37.6%) also have arthritis.
- Of adults who are inactive 34,000 (33.1%) also have arthritis.

# <u>Management of arthritis symptoms (Std Table 5)(Only states who did Arthritis Management Module will have data for Table 5.)</u>

- 173,000 (70%) of adults with arthritis report they can do everything or most things they would like to do.
- 74,000 (30%) of adults with arthritis report they can do some things or hardly anything they would like to do.
- 74,000 (29.8%) of adults with arthritis were told by their doctor to lose weight.
- 131,000 (52.7%) of adults with arthritis were told by their doctor to exercise for their arthritis.
- 32,000 (13%) of adults with arthritis have ever taken a course or class to manage their arthritis symptoms.